

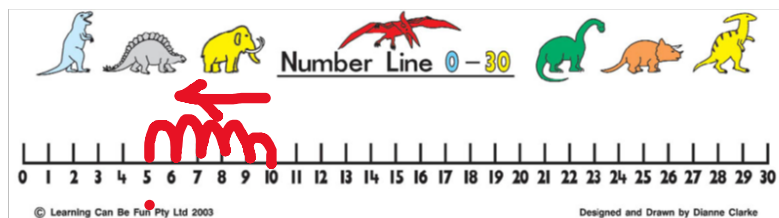
LO: To solve the missing number subtraction.

Find the missing numbers using a number line?

Remember if the box is second then you subtract.

Example :

$$10 - \boxed{5} = 5$$



Start with the largest number and subtract the smallest. The number of jumps is your answer. Now check that the sum is correct.

$$11 - \boxed{} = 4$$

$$30 - \boxed{} = 21$$

$$18 - \boxed{} = 11$$

$$29 - \boxed{} = 15$$

$$19 - \boxed{} = 10$$

$$27 - \boxed{} = 13$$

$$11 - \boxed{} = 4$$

$$16 - \boxed{} = 10$$

$$9 - \boxed{} = 3$$

$$12 - \boxed{} = 9$$

Make up a few of your own.....

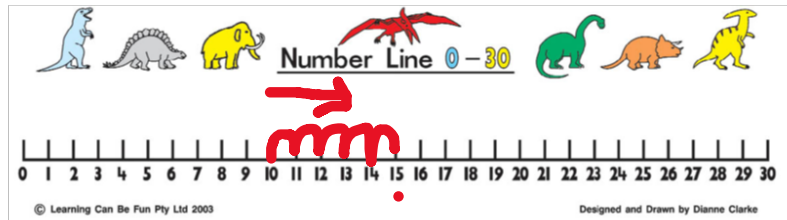
Now try these.....

Can you see the difference? The missing box is First so we need to find the difference between the numbers.

Remember if the box is first then find the difference by **adding!**

Example:

$$\boxed{15} - 5 = 10$$



Remember start with the largest number and add the smallest. E.g. $10+5 = 15$

Where you finish is you missing answer. Now check that the sum is correct.

$$\boxed{} - 5 = 11$$

$$\boxed{} - 6 = 16$$

$$\boxed{} - 3 = 6$$

$$\boxed{} - 3 = 7$$

$$\boxed{} - 4 = 12$$

$$\boxed{} - 7 = 15$$

$$\boxed{} - 9 = 0$$

$$\boxed{} - 8 = 30$$

Now make up a few of your own.....